



Global Compact for Migration Objective 17

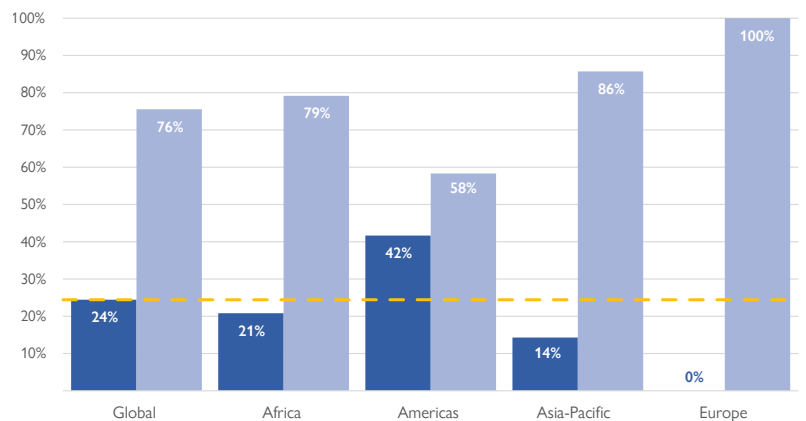
Eliminate all forms of discrimination and promote evidence-based public discourse to shape perceptions of migration¹

“ Efforts to reform policies, practices and discourse must confront xenophobia and disinformation on migration and migrants and dismantle structural, systemic and institutional forms of discrimination.² ”

Objective 17 takeaways

- Most MGI countries lack a policy or strategy to combat hate crimes, violence, xenophobia and discrimination against migrants.
- Countries that have a policy against migrant discrimination are also more likely to grant all migrants equal access as nationals to social protection and government-funded health and education services.

Figure 1. Does the country have a policy or strategy to combat hate crimes, violence, xenophobia and discrimination against migrants?

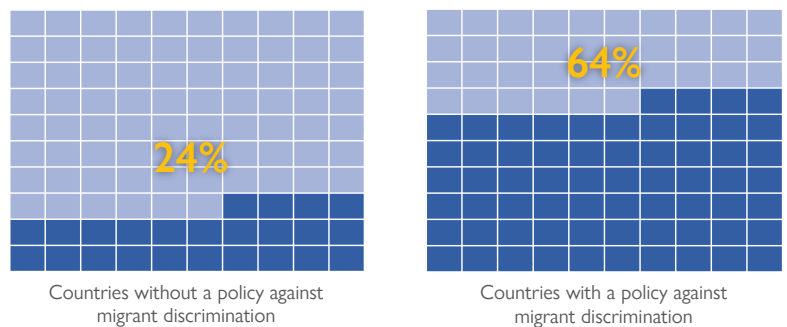


Note: Based on data from 45 MGI countries. Legend: ■ Yes ■ No - - Global percentage of "yes" answers

More than three quarters (76%) of MGI countries lack a policy or strategy to combat hate crimes, violence, xenophobia and discrimination against migrants. Regional MGI data show that such a strategy – which can be part of broader efforts to promote integration – is found in 42 per cent of countries from the Americas (Figure 1).

Figure 2 shows that countries that have a policy or strategy to combat hate crimes, violence, xenophobia and discrimination against migrants are more likely to grant all migrants equal access as nationals to social protection.

Figure 2. Percentage of countries granting all migrants equal access as nationals to social protection



Note: Based on data from 45 MGI countries.

¹ This bulletin is part of the publication *MGI Data Bulletins on the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration*, which offers insights from MGI data for each of the 23 Global Compact for Migration objectives. Unless otherwise specified, data is based on 84 MGI countries.

² United Nations General Assembly, *Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration*. Report of the Secretary-General (A/76/642). Available at <https://reliefweb.int/report/world/global-compact-safe-orderly-and-regular-migration-report-secretary-general-a76642>.

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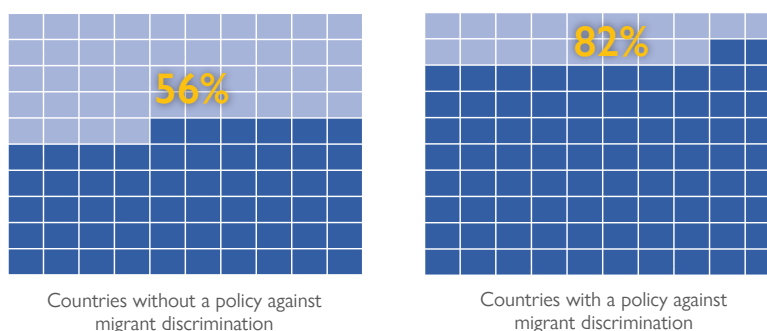
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Figure 3 shows that countries that have a policy against migrant discrimination are more likely to grant migrants, regardless of their legal status, equal access as nationals to all government-funded health services.

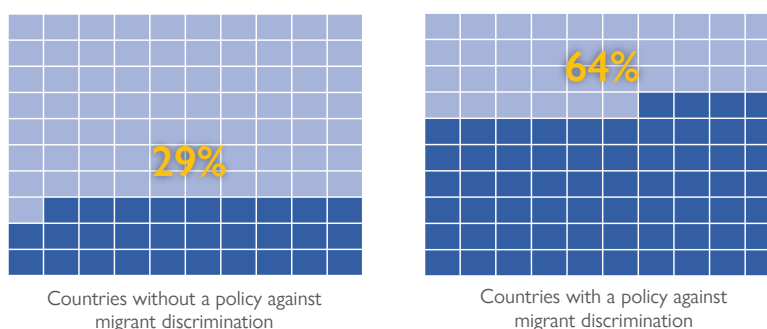
Similarly, all migrants, regardless of their migration status, are more likely to have equal access as nationals to government-funded education services in countries that have a policy to combat discrimination against migrants (Figure 4).

Figure 3. Percentage of countries granting all migrants equal access as nationals to health services



Note: Based on data from 45 MGI countries.

Figure 4. Percentage of countries granting all migrants equal access as nationals to education services



Note: Based on data from 45 MGI countries.

MGI data insight

Only 8 per cent of small island developing States (SIDS) have a policy to combat discrimination against migrants, in contrast with 30 per cent of other MGI countries.

Source: Own calculations using the UNDS's classification of SIDS (n.d).

Selected example from MGI data: Quito, Ecuador

The Action Plan against Racism, Discrimination and Xenophobia of the Municipal District of Quito (2019–2022)* has six pillars of action: education, employment, health, institutional management, sociopolitical participation, and communication and culture. Its preparation was accompanied by Resolution No. 037 of 2019, with specific action-oriented recommendations within the different strategic axes. In this context, between 2019 and 2020, around 300 municipal servants from the health sector were trained under the human rights, gender, sexual diversity and human mobility approach.

* Coalición Latinoamericana y Caribeña de Ciudades Contra el Racismo, la Discriminación y la Xenofobia, Plan de Acción contra el racismo, la discriminación y la xenofobia del Distrito Metropolitano de Quito (MDMQ). Available at https://coalicionlac.org/sites/coalicionlac.org/files/documentos/Plan%20de%20acci%C3%B3n%20Quito_0.pdf.